# Heterogeneous Systems Modeling and Design

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Artist, DATE, March. 2005

## Outline



#### Heterogeneity

- Design Environments
- Abstract Semantics
  - Tagged Signal Model
  - Ptolemy II
  - Metropolis

## **Motivations**



- Systems are heterogeneous
- Separation convenient, but interactions difficult to define



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# **The Design Nightmare**

#### Specification:





# **The Design Nightmare**

#### Implementation:



P. Picasso "Femme se coiffant" 1940



## What is Communication?



- Character

## What is Communication?



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## **Behavior Adaptation**



 R not defined for some (or all) outputs of S: behavior mismatch

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## **Behavior Adaptation**



- Behavior Adapter encapsulates S and R
- S' and R' communicate successfully over an ideal connection
- Key Question: How do we build the adapters?

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## **Interaction Propagation**



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## **Combining MoCs: Conservative Approximations**



Want to compose  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  from different trace structure algebras

- Compose  $T_1$ ' and  $T_2$ '
- Get T"
- Project back to T<sub>1</sub>' and T<sub>2</sub>'
- Map back in the abstract domain
- Find restrictions due to the interaction at the higher level (constraint application)
- Find greatest possible T<sub>1</sub> and T<sub>2</sub> that still have the same interaction (don't cares, synthesis)

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- The outlined technique defines the effects of the interaction
- The result depends on
  - The notion of composition at the refined level
  - The particular abstraction and refinement
- We can't define the interaction uniquely!
- How can we generalize? Need a formal approach to this problem (see Conservative Approximations, R. Passerone et al. and Tagged Systems, A. Benveniste et al.!)

## Another Source of Heterogeneity: Concurrent presence of different levels of abstractions



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## Outline



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- Abstract Semantics

## Putting it all together....CHALLENGE!



- We need an integration platform
  - To deal with heterogeneity:
    - Where we can deal with Hardware and Software
    - Where we can mix digital and analog
    - Where we can assemble internal and external IPs
    - Where we can work at different levels of abstraction
  - To handle the design chain
  - To support integration
    - e.g. tool integration
    - e.g. IP integration
- The integration platform must subsume the traditional design flow, rather than displacing it

# Metropolis: an Environment for System-Level Design



- Motivation
  - Both design complexity and the need for verification are increasing
  - Semantic link between specification and implementation is necessary
- Platform-Based Design
  - Meet-in-the-middle approach
  - Separation of concerns
    - Function vs. architecture
    - Capability vs. performance
    - Computation vs. communication
- Metropolis Framework
  - Extensible framework providing simulation, verification, and synthesis capabilities
  - Easily extract relevant design information and interface to external tools
- Released Sept. 15th, 2004



- Support for different Models of Computation
- Mix of imperative and declarative specification styles
- Quantities of interest dictated by the designer, not the framework
- Framework designed to allow interfacing with external tools





# **Metropolis**





## **Metropolis Framework**



#### Synthesis/Refinement

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- Compile-time scheduling of concurrency
- Communication-driven hardware synthesis
- Protocol interface generation

#### **Analysis/Verification**

- Static timing analysis of reactive systems
- Invariant analysis of sequential programs
- Refinement verification
- Formal verification of embedded software

## Outline



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  - Ptolemy II
  - Metropolis

## Where We Are Headed



#### An Abstract Semantics

#### A Finer Abstract Semantics

# A Concrete Semantics (or Model of Computation)

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## Tagged Signal Abstract Semantics: Lee-Sangiovanni Vincentelli (LSV) Model



This outlines a general *abstract semantics* that gets specialized. When it becomes concrete you have a *model of computation*.

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## **A Finer Abstraction Semantics**



This outlines an *abstract semantics* for deterministic producer/consumer actors.

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## **Uses for Such an Abstract Semantics**



- Give structure to the sets of signals
  - e.g. Use the Cantor metric to get a metric space.
- Give structure to the functional processes
  - e.g. Contraction maps on the Cantor metric space.
- Develop static analysis techniques
  - e.g. Conditions under which a hybrid systems is provably non-Zeno.



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## **Another Finer Abstract Semantics**



#### **Process Networks Abstract Semantics:**



This outlines an abstract semantics for actors constructed as processes that incrementally read and write port data.

## Concrete Semantics that Conform with the Process Networks Abstract Semantics

- Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP) [Hoare]
- Calculus of Concurrent Systems (CCS) [Milner]
- Kahn Process Networks (KPN) [Kahn]
- Nondeterministic extensions of KPN [Various]
- Actors [Hewitt]

Some Implementations:

- Occam, Lucid, and Ada languages
- Ptolemy Classic and Ptolemy II (PN and CSP domains)

## Process Network Abstract Semantics in Metropolis



#### Leveraging Abstract Semantics for Joint Modelin of Architecture and Application

#### **MyMapNetlist**

B(P1, M.write) <=> B(mP1, mP1.writeCpu); E(P1, M.write) <=> E(mP1, mP1.writeCpu);
B(P1, P1.f) <=> B(mP1, mP1.mapf); E(P1, P1.f) <=> E(mP1, mP1.mapf);
B(P2, M.read) <=> B(P2, mP2.readCpu); E(P2, M.read) <=> E(mP2, mP2.readCpu);
B(P2, P2.f) <=> B(mP2, mP2.mapf); E(P2, P2.f) <=> E(mP2, mP2.mapf);



The abstract semantics provides natural points of the execution (where the monoid operations are invoked) that can be synchronized across models. Here, this is used to model operations of an application on a candidate implementation architecture.



## **A Finer Abstract Semantics**

#### **Firing Abstract Semantics:**



The process function F is the least fixed point of a functional defined in terms of f.

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#### Models of Computation that Conform to the Firing Abstract Semantics

- Dataflow models (all variations)
- Discrete-event models
- Time-driven models (Giotto)

In Ptolemy II, actors written to the *firing abstract semantics* can be used with directors that conform only to the process network abstract semantics.

Such actors are said to be *behaviorally polymorphic*.

## **A Still Finer Abstract Semantics**



#### Stateful Firing Abstract Semantics:



The function f gives outputs in terms of inputs and the current state. The function g updates the state.

## Models of Computation that Conform to the Stateful Firing Abstract Semantics

- Synchronous reactive
- Continuous time
- Hybrid systems

Stateful firing supports iteration to a fixed point, which is required for hybrid systems modeling.

In Ptolemy II, actors written to the stateful firing abstract semantics can be used with directors that conform only to the firing abstract semantics or to the process network abstract semantics.

Such actors are said to be *behaviorally polymorphic*.



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## Meta Frameworks: Ptolemy II



**Tagged Signal Semantics** 

#### Process Networks Semantics

Ptolemy II emphasizes construction of "behaviorally polymorphic" actors with stateful firing semantics (the "Ptolemy II actor semantics"), but also provides support for broader abstract semantic models via its abstract syntax and type system.

> continuous time

## Meta Frameworks: Metropolis



**Tagged Signal Semantics** 

**Process Networks Semantics** 

#### **C**emantics

Metropolis provides a process networks abstract semantics and emphasizes formal description of constraints, communication refinement, and joint modeling of applications and architectures.

hybrid systems

time

continuous

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Kahn

nefw

## Leveraging the Abstract Semantics for Refinement Verification in Metropolis

Example: a unbounded FIFO v.s. a bounded FIFO with the finer service.



• Metropolis represent both levels of abstraction explicitly, rather than replacing the upper level.

• Refinement relation is associated with properties to preserve through the refinement.

#### The Big Question: How to Give Semantic Meta Models that are Usefully Manipulatable

Key ideas guiding us:

- Abstract semantics
- Ptolemy II directors
- Metropolis quantity managers
- The Metropolis language of constraints
- Interface theories
- Behavioral type systems
- Temporal logics (e.g. TLA)
- Set-valued semantics



## Conclusions

- Comparative study shows a fragmented landscape
  - Underlying models mostly incompatible
  - Key issues approached differently
- Consolidated view needed to advance the research
  - Evidence from industry using ad-hoc translators
  - Difficult for practitioners to choose the right model
- Our activities are complementary ways of approaching this problem
  - Solid and clean semantics (e.g., for hybrid systems)
  - Approximations for incompatible models

#### **Concluding Remarks: Back to the Future?**



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## Concluding Remarks: Renaissance! Back to the Future?





#### Michelangelo: Piazza del Campidoglio, Roma

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