Bringing Embedded Software Closer to Computer Science Students

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Talk Outline

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Introduction

- Embedded systems growing in importance, widespread deployment and complex with time
- Software becoming an important component of embedded systems
- Training manpower on the design and implementation of embedded software becoming more important
Computer science students often stay away from embedded systems:
  - Perception as a “hardware” course
  - Missing out on participating in a dynamic field
  - How can we “correct” this misperception?

There is indeed lot of scope for CS students to participate in this field without getting too “involved” with the hardware
Background

- CS students tend to be trained well on abstractions, especially about creating formal abstractions of computational processes and to relate layers of abstractions to each other (Sztipanovits et al. [16])
- Drastic rethinking needed on the way embedded software is developed, putting emphasis on the timing aspects of software (E. A. Lee [10])
- Model-driven approach (Sangiovanni-Vincentelli et al. [15], Sztipanovits et al. [16])
Background

- What is so special about embedded software?
- Does this conglomeration of diverse topics deserve a special course?
  - Why not cover the related topics in the courses dealing with those specific topics?
  - How do we address the overlap of topics with the other courses?
  - Why not make embedded a point of emphasis in these other courses?
- Example of such an integration: Prof. Gary Nutt’s OS course for Small Computer Systems [13]
Course Topics and Structure

- Three major areas emphasized in the course:
  - Embedded software development
  - Real-time and embedded operating systems (RTOS)
  - Embedded software engineering
- Striking a good balance between theory and practice
Course Topics and Structure

- Introduction
  - Introduction to Embedded Systems
  - Examples of Embedded Systems
  - Embedded System Characteristics
- Embedded Systems Architecture
  - Hardware Fundamentals: Processors, Memory, Bus, etc.
  - Software: OS, Application Software
- Embedded Software Development
  - Hosts and Targets
- Interrupts
  - Introduction to Interrupts
  - Interrupt Handlers and Interrupt Service Routines
- Embedded Software Architectures
- Real-Time Operating Systems (RTOS)
  - Review of Operating Systems Basics
    - Tasks, Processes and Threads
    - Task Scheduling: Rate Monotonic Scheduling, Priority Inversion
    - Task Synchronization and Coordination
    - Intertask Communication
    - Memory Management
  - Example RTOS: mC/OS-II, Windows CE, Embedded Linux
- Embedded Software Engineering
  - Basics of Software Engineering
  - Software Engineering Models
  - Unified Modeling Language (UML)
  - Software Testing
- Testing and Debugging Embedded Systems
Hands-on Laboratory Exercises

- Major goals:
  - Introduce students to various IDEs and embedded environments
  - Give an overview of various techniques for embedded software development including aspects of RTOS
  - Preparing the students for course project

- Hands-on laboratory component concentrated mainly on the use of several real-time OS and integrated development environments
  - Mainly Windows CE, Platform Builder, Embedded Visual C++
  - General computer laboratory used
  - Dedicated embedded software laboratory using Ebox-II from ICOPTech and Intel PXA255/PXA 270 boards
Hands-on Laboratory Exercises

- Specialized equipment for embedded laboratory:
  - Ebox-II from ICOPtech
  - Intel PXA255/PXA270 based embedded development boards from Emdoor Inc., Shenzhen
Hands-on Laboratory Exercises

Typical set of laboratory exercises include:

- Introduction to Platform Builder
- Advanced PB and debugging features
- Application development using eVC++ and VS 2005
- Threads and thread synchronization in Win32 API
- Interprocess communication using message queues, MSMQ, events
- Priority scheduling and priority inversion issues
- Memory leaks and detection
Course Project

- Team project with teams of up to 3 students
- Main emphasis on demonstrating the use of techniques learnt in the course
- Students felt that this experience illustrated to them that a whole new arena of small device programming was easily accessible to them and provided them with alternate avenues for future career
Course Projects

- Automatic "Dim Sum" Ordering System
- On-line Retail Management System (RMS)
- Stock Manager
- Podcast CE
- Video Surveillance System
- “Bomberlady” – an embedded linux game
- NewStation
- Real Time Operating System – USTOS
A good mix of students in their junior and senior year of undergraduate studies.

A good mix of students from the computer engineering and computer science stream.

Background includes courses on:
- Computer programming including OO
- Computer architecture and organization
- Operating Systems
- Practically no software engineering
More hands-on labs, experience with dedicated hardware and embedded development platforms, rather than the general purpose PC

Most popular: embedded development, and RTOS

Least popular: software engineering

More in-depth coverage of only two or three major RTOS appreciated

Overlap with other courses should be minimized

UML not well appreciated: lack of suitable case-studies
Conclusions

- Embedded systems software is an interesting topic deserving a dedicated course.
- Our experience is only one point of reference:
  - More experience sharing needed.
- Greater consensus on embedded systems and software curricula:
  - Where do different courses fit in the overall picture?
  - What are the suitable set of courses?