

The evolving ARINC 653 standard and it's application to IMA

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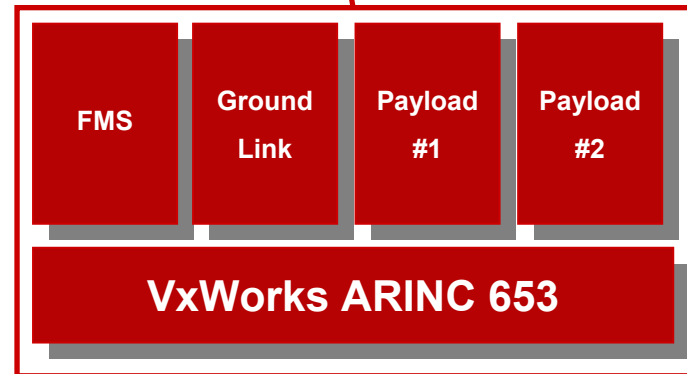
November 13th 2007

Agenda

- **IMA and ARINC 653**
- **DO-297**
- **Certification of IMA under DO-297**
- **Conclusions**

Why Integrated Modular Avionics?

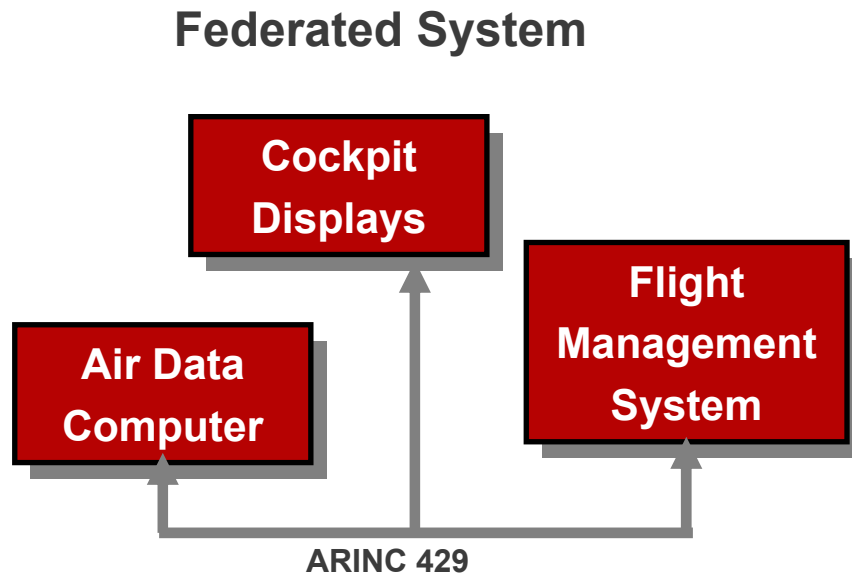
- **Allows for consolidation and portability of applications**
 - Lower program lifecycle costs
- **Improved software re-use**
 - Reduce impact for re-using components
- **Improve modularity**
 - Reduce impact for application changes
- **Improve portability**
 - Reduce upgrade costs
 - A standard platform provides integrator with choices of vendors
- **Flexibility and fault tolerance**
 - Results in improved dispatch reliability
- **Reduce the number of LRU's**
 - Lower maintenance costs
 - Reduce space, weight and power
- **Support Multiple DO-178B Safety Levels on a single microprocessor**



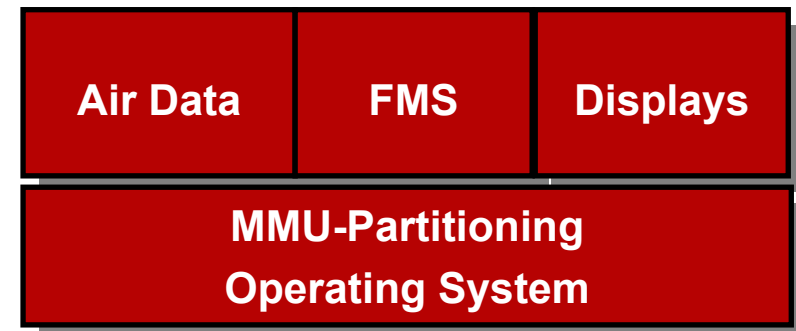
Honeywell claims that IMA design can save 350 pounds of weight on a narrow-body jet: equivalent to two adults

ARINC 653 specification

- ARINC 653 is a specification for an application executive used for integrating avionics systems on modern aircraft
- It is an API of 51 routines: time and space (memory) partitioning, health monitoring (error detection and reporting), communications via “ports”, ...
- ARINC 653 OSEs and applications are typically certified per DO-178B; different partitions can be certified to different DO-178B “levels”



Integrated Modular Avionics (IMA)



VxWorks 653 Platform

Workbench Development Suite

- Eclipse Framework
- Support for multiple OSes
 - VxWorks 653, VxWorks 6
 - Linux, VxWorks MILS
- Editor, compiler, debugger
 - C, C++, Ada*
 - On-chip debug support for Module OS and Application Partition
- Analysis tools
 - System Viewer
 - Source code analyzer

* Partner products

DO-178B Certification Tool Suite – Cuts Cert Time, Cost

- XML Configuration Suite
 - DO-178B Level A qualified development tool
 - Schema submitted to ARINC 653 committee
- DO-178B qualified verification tools
 - Agent for Certification Environment (ACE)
 - Port monitor
 - CPU monitor
 - Memory monitor
 - Host shell command tool

Wind River Workbench

Integrated Partner Software

VxWorks 653

Hardware Support (PowerPC)

Support, Training, Professional Services

Integrated Partner Support

- Certifiable ARINC 664 Stack
- CORBA
- Certifiable OpenGL
- ARINC 615A Data Loader
- AFDX

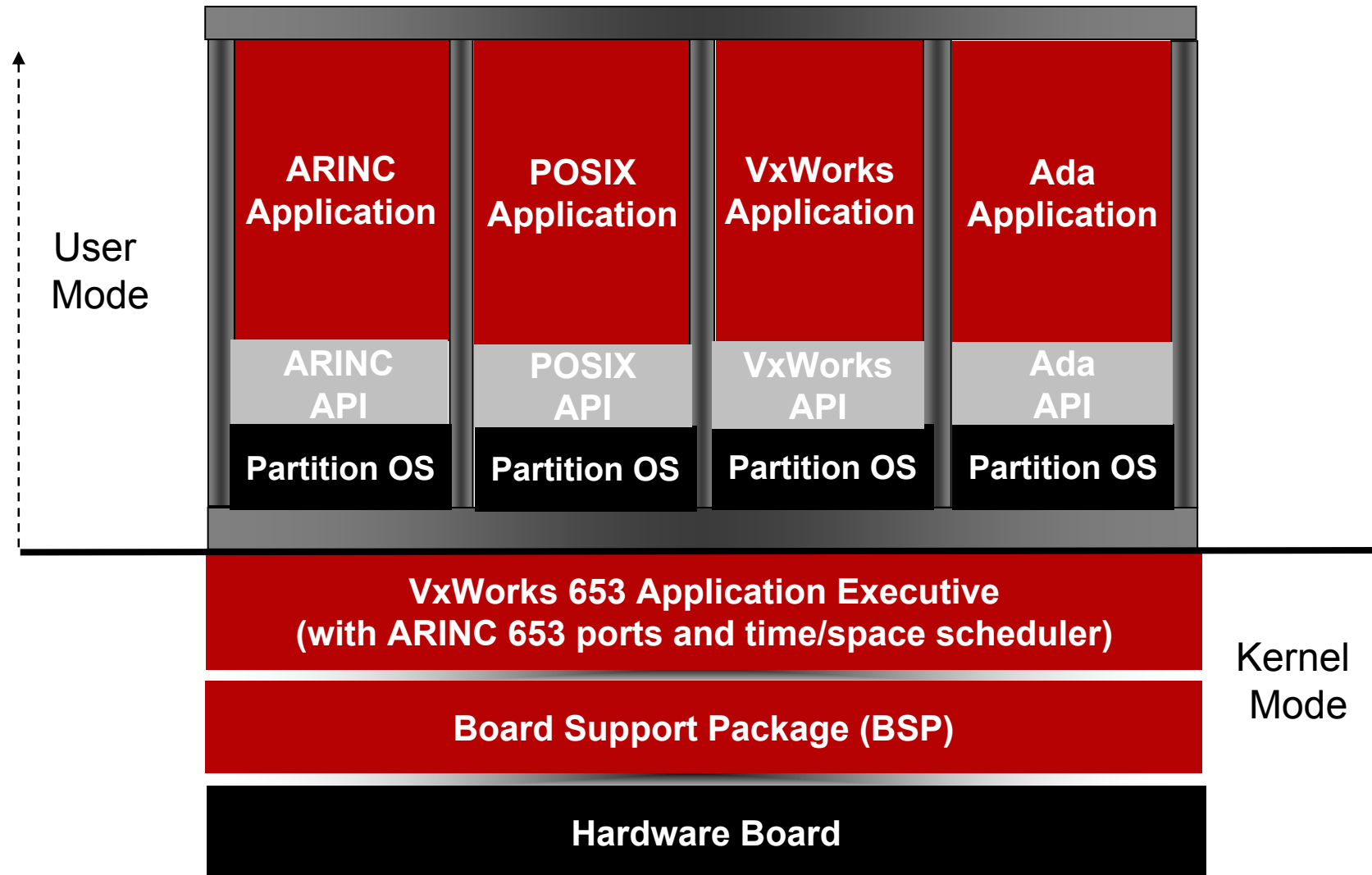
VxWorks 653

- Time and space partitioning
 - Slack time scheduling option
 - Meets SC-200 IMA requirements
 - Up to 16 unique schedules
- ARINC 653 Supplement 2, Part 1 compliance
 - Integrated Health Management
 - Module/Partition cold/warm restart
 - ARINC SAP Ports (Part 2)
- Multiple partition OS with support for:
 - ARINC 653 API
 - VxWorks 5.5 API subset
 - POSIX subset
 - Customer legacy OS possible
- DO-178B, Level A UDP/IPv4 Network stack (optional)
- **DO-178B Level A cert evidence**

VxWorks 653 – designed for performance

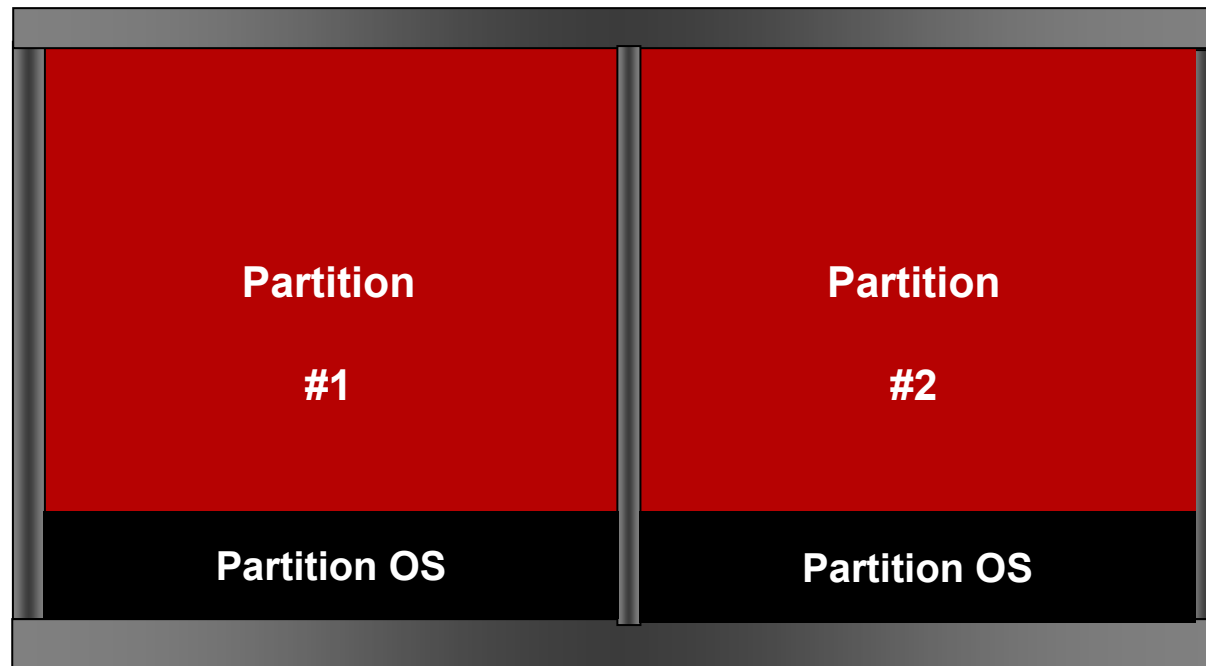
- **VxWorks 653 implements a two-level “OS” model**
 - "Virtual machine" approach as described in DOT/FAA/AR-99/58, *Partitioning in Avionics Architectures: Requirements, Mechanisms and Assurance* authored by John Rushby
 - Corresponds to the concept of a virtual machine as described in DO-178B, section 6.4.1
 - Gives especially high scheduling performance, with the ability to run dozens of partitions with minimal RTOS partition switch overhead even at high clock rates
 - Scales from a single partition system to a maximum of 255 partitions without performance degradation seen with other implementations

VxWorks 653 Architecture



VxWorks 653

ARINC 653 Time and Space Scheduling

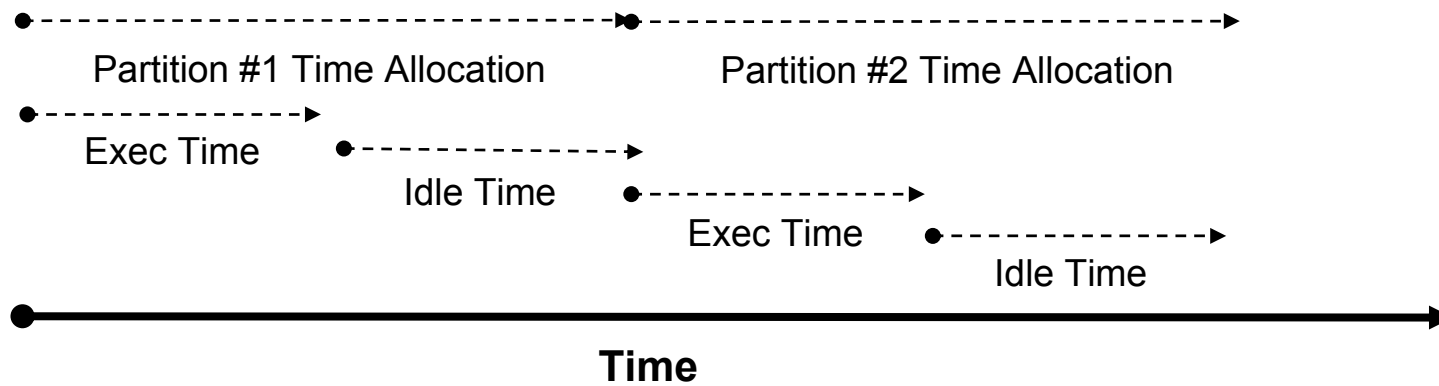
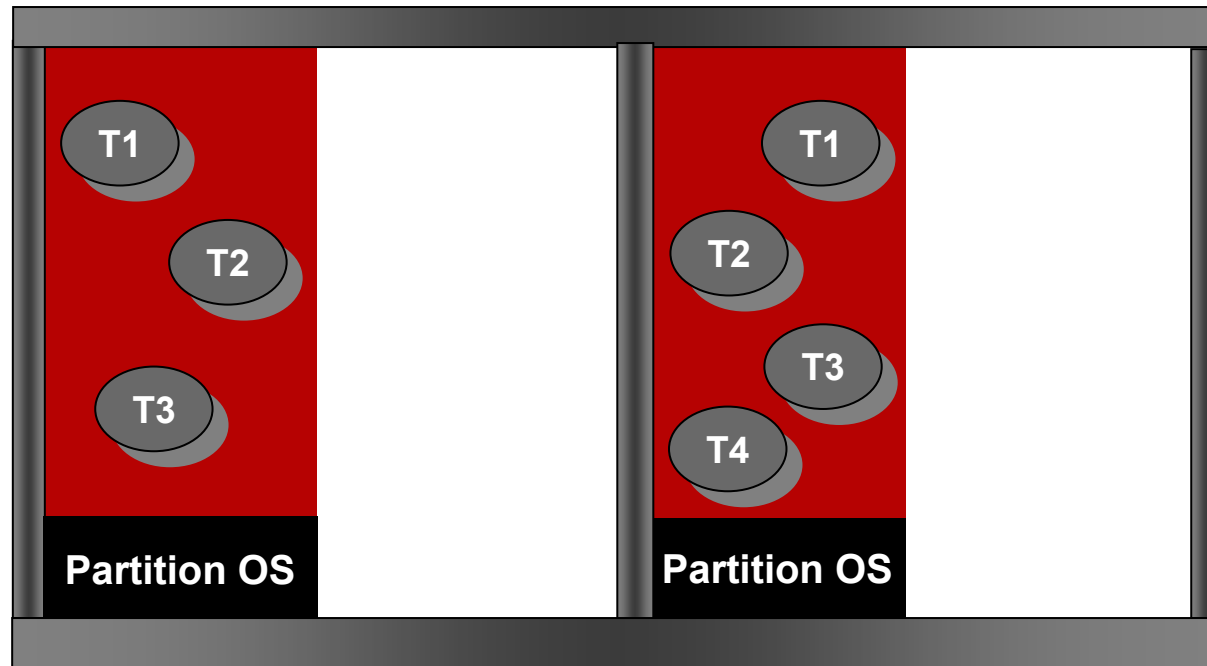


MMU Partition #1 Time Allocation MMU Partition #2 Time Allocation

Time

VxWorks 653

Priority Preemptive Scheduling Intrapartition



The ARINC 653 standard

- **ARINC 653 Specification First Published <Jan 1997>**
- **ARINC 653 Supplement 1 <Oct 2003>**
 - Provided refinement and clarification to the 1997 standard
- **ARINC 653 Part 1 (Required Services) Supplement 2 <Mar 2006>**
 - ARINC 653 partition management
 - Cold start and warm start definition
 - Application software error handling
 - ARINC 653 compliance
 - Ada and C language bindings
- **Added ARINC 653 Part 2 <Jan 2007>**
 - Extended Services, including File System, Logbook, Service Access points...
- **Added ARINC 653 Part 3 <Oct 2006>**
 - Conformity Test Specification
- **On-going work <Next Meeting at Wind River in Alameda, California Nov 13-15 2007>**
 - Part 1 Required Services – Supplement 3 <Various updates including HM and XML>
 - Part 2 Extended Services – Supplement 1 <Various updates including FS and Name Service>
 - Part 3 Conformity Tests – Supplement 1 <To include Part 2 Testing>
 - Part 4 Embedded Profiles <Proposal to develop subsets of overall standard>

So what is RTCA DO-297 /EUROCAE ED-124?

“Integrated Modular Avionics (IMA) Development Guidance and Certification Considerations”

- **Purpose:**

“..provides guidance for IMA developers, integrators, applicants, and those involved in the approval and continued airworthiness of IMA systems. It provides specific guidance for the assurance of IMA systems as differentiated from traditional federated avionics”

- Results of joint US/EU Study **RTCA SC-200** and **EUROCAE WG-60**
- Defines roles and responsibilities – Certification applicant, Systems Integrator, Platform Provider, Application Developer
- References RTCA DO-178B (EUROCAE ED-12B) and ARINC 653

Certification of IMA system

From DO-297 :

“Six tasks define the incremental acceptance of IMA systems in the certification process:”

- Task 1: Module acceptance
- Task 2: Application software or hardware acceptance
- Task 3: IMA system acceptance
- Task 4: Aircraft integration of IMA system – including Validation and Verification (V&V)
- Task 5: **Change** of modules or applications
- Task 6: **Reuse** of modules or applications

Key implementation and certification challenges:-

- How to **change** application or configuration entities without affecting the entire system?
 - Without requiring re-testing or re-certification of other independent entities
- How to **reuse** applications from one IMA project on the next IMA project?
 - Without having to re-write and re-test the entire application

Certification stakeholders

Certification Applicant

- Responsible for demonstrating compliance to applicable aviation regulations
- Seeking Type Certificate (TC), Amended TC, Supplemental TC (STC) or Amended STC

System Integrator

- Integrating the “platform” and “applications” to produce “IMA System”
- System Configuration, Resource allocation, IMA V&V

Platform Provider

- Provide processing hardware and software resources (including the core software)
- Specify interfaces, shared resources, configuration tables
- Platform V&V

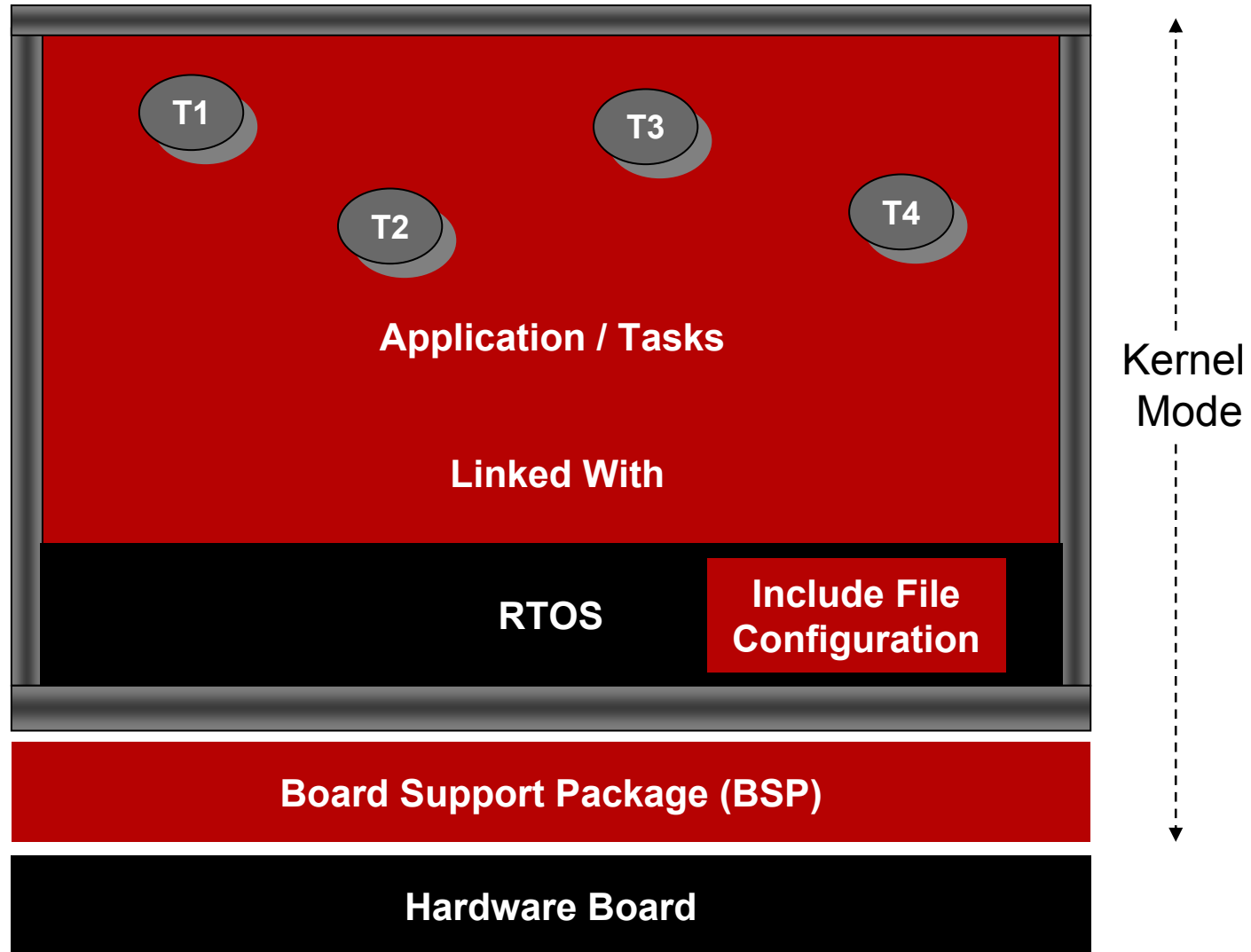
Application Developer

- Develops “Hosted” applications and verifies on “platform”
- Specifies external interfaces and resource requirements of application

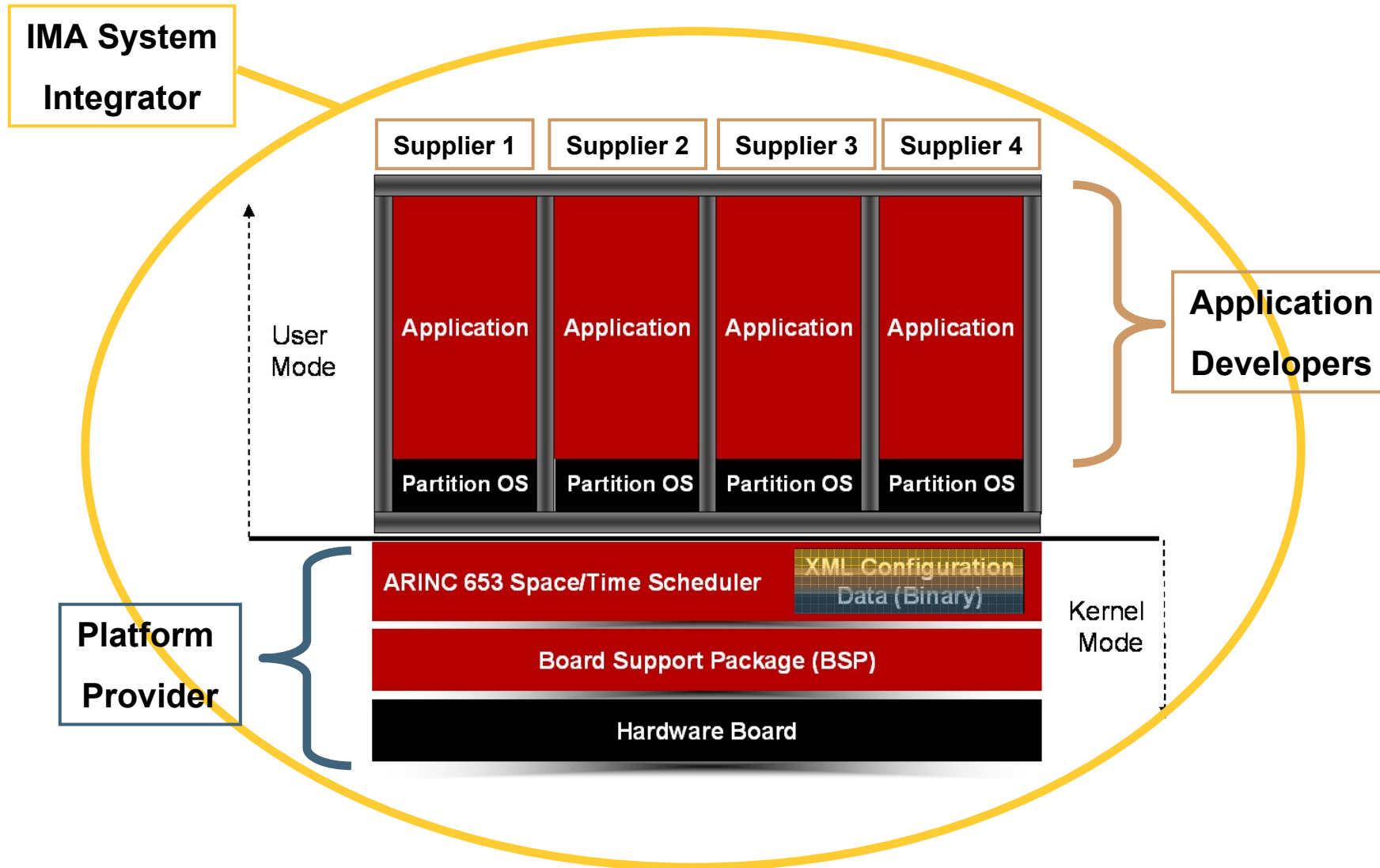
Key implementation and certification challenges:-

How to keep supplier roles separate during configuration and build?

Typical federated system architecture



VxWorks 653 Architecture



Experience gained in IMA systems

- IMA systems are **extremely** complex:
 - Large number of applications: 10+
 - Large application: 2,000,000+ lines of code, 4-8 MBytes
 - Large configuration data: 40,000+ configuration entries
- Complexity must be **managed** to be successful
 - Roles and responsibilities have to be defined
 - Role activities have to be decoupled
- Development cycles are **shorter** and shorter
- Cost of Change must be very **low**
 - Introducing a change should have a low impact even during the certification cycle
- **Solution**: Configuration & Build Partitioning

Independent Build, Link, and Load

A VxWorks 653 system consists of at least four pieces:

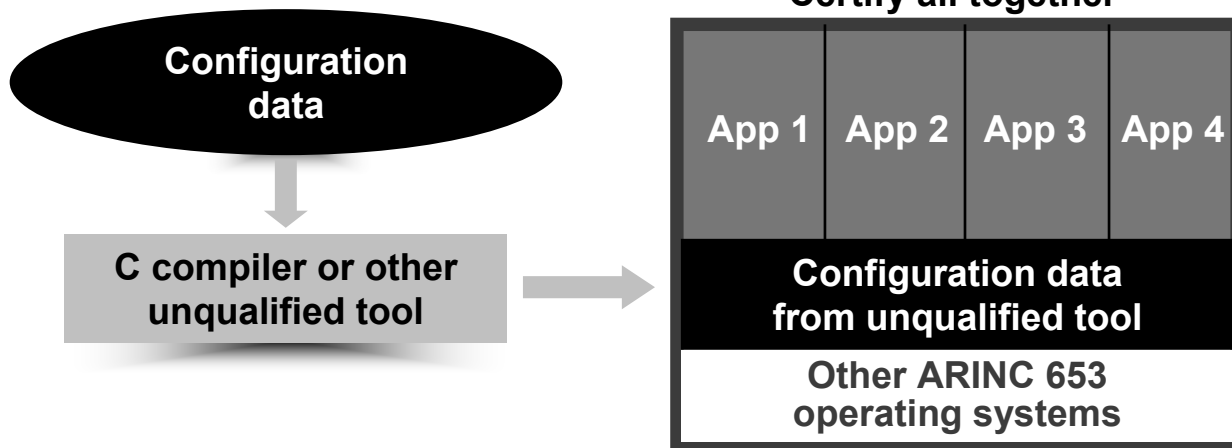
- **A Module OS (MOS) (Partition Scheduler)**
- **Configuration data (XML)**
- **At least one Partition OS (POS)**
- **At least one application**

IBLL enables Independence of software modules

- **Independent Build**
 - Don't need the entire source to build one piece
 - No more "system" project that builds everything
- **Independent Link**
 - Don't need OS binaries to link an application
- **Independent Load**
 - Binaries can be loaded/updated (flashed) separately

Replaceable Software Units

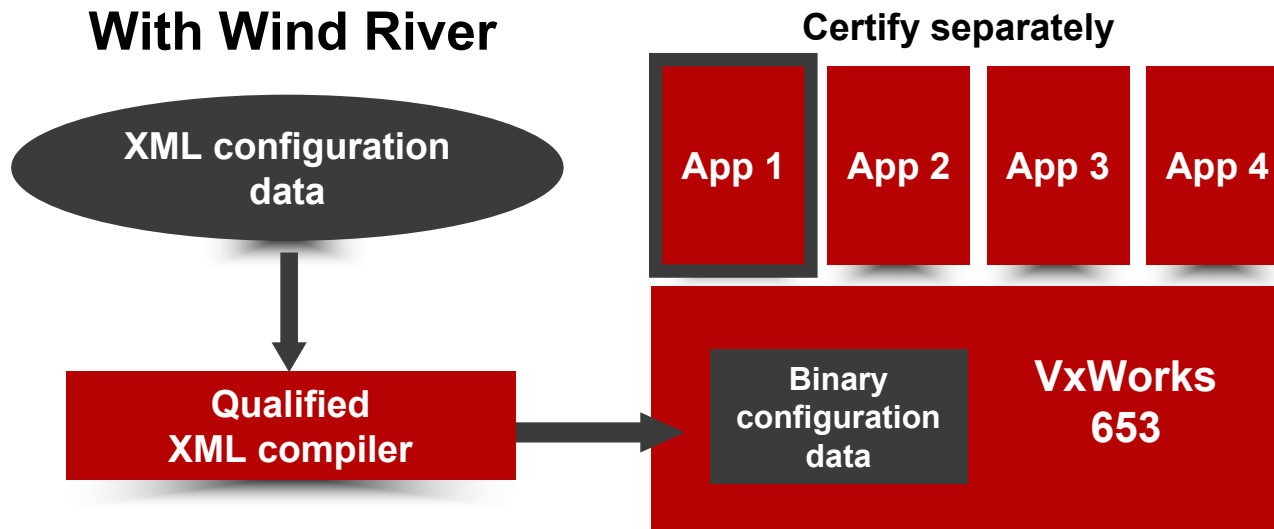
Without Wind River



Configuration data (partitions, ports, etc.) in C, text, XML, created by unqualified tool—must test and certify entire system as a whole, even for minor configuration change

Higher initial development time, certification cost, cost of change

With Wind River



XML-based configuration data managed by DO-178B qualified XML → binary compiler

Test, certify, and recertify applications independently and asynchronously

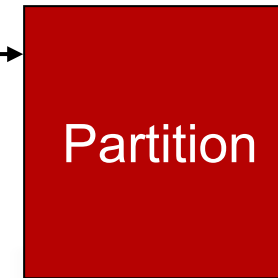
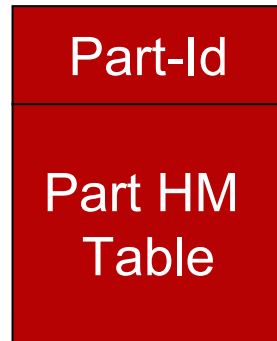
Result: Lower development time, initial cert cost, and cost of change

Why evolve the Supplement 1 XML schema

- **The ARINC Supplement 1 XML schema is not suitable for large-scale complex real-world systems**
 - It matured relatively independently of the crucial role definitions in DO-297
 - It is not sufficiently flexible for commercial airplane products
- **The XML for VxWorks 653 has matured over 4 years by satisfying the requirements of 5 Boeing airplane programs**
 - Including meeting the extended challenge for the 787 of working with multiple suppliers, sometimes competitors, for the full set of applications
 - One of the original authors of the Supplement 1 schema, said that “... *you are starting to identify and think about problems that no other OS vendor is aware of yet. You are leading in this area...*”
- **Wind River, in conjunction with Verocel (lead) and the 787 IMA Supplier, is helping to contribute this knowledge back to the airplane developer community through its work on ARINC 653 Supplement 3**

Example: HM Table reference

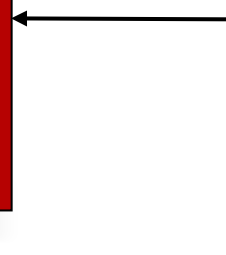
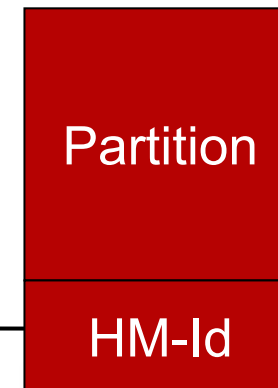
Supplement 1



Each table must be unique!

Partition referenced by HM table

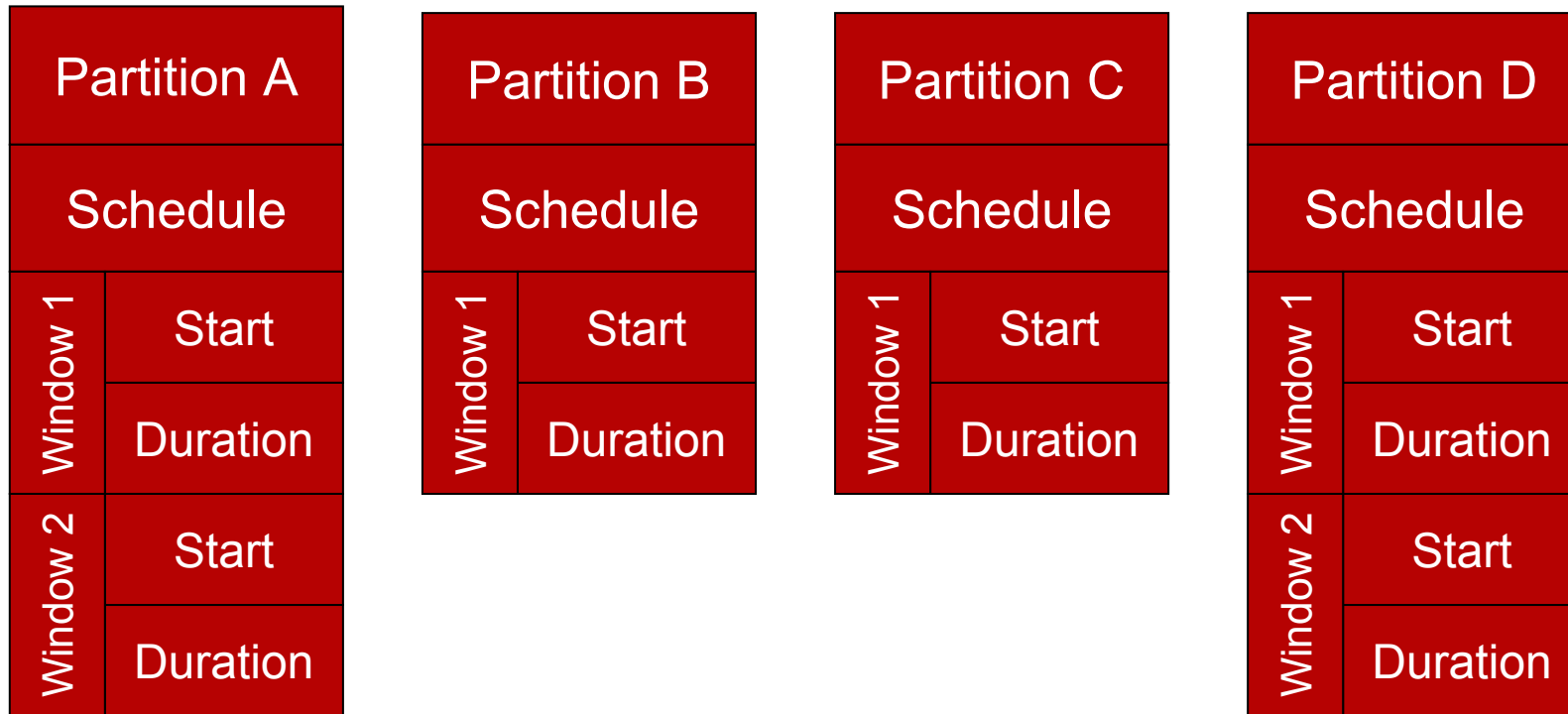
Proposed for Supplement 3



Tables can be reused!

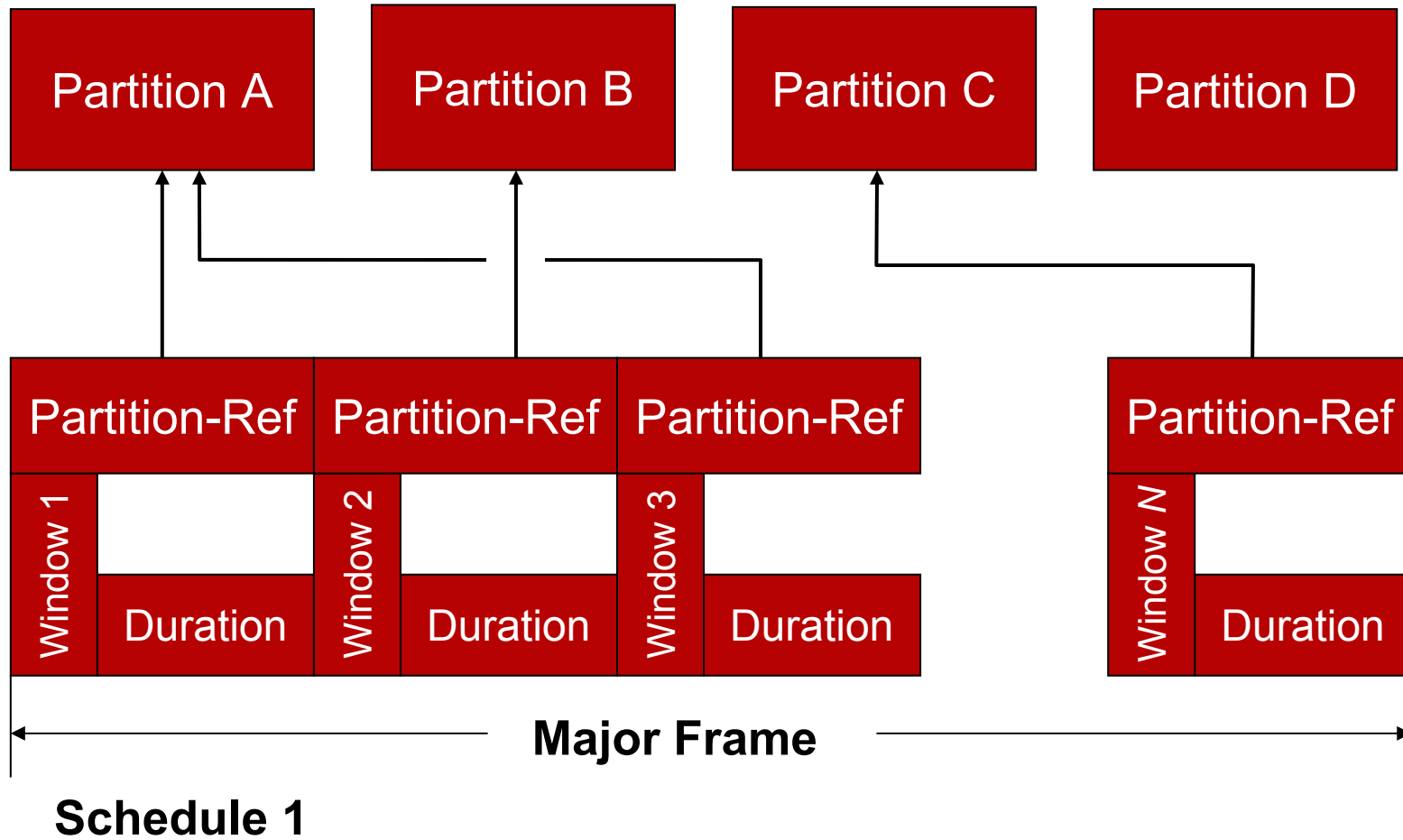
Partition references HM table

Example : Supplement 1 Schedule Representation



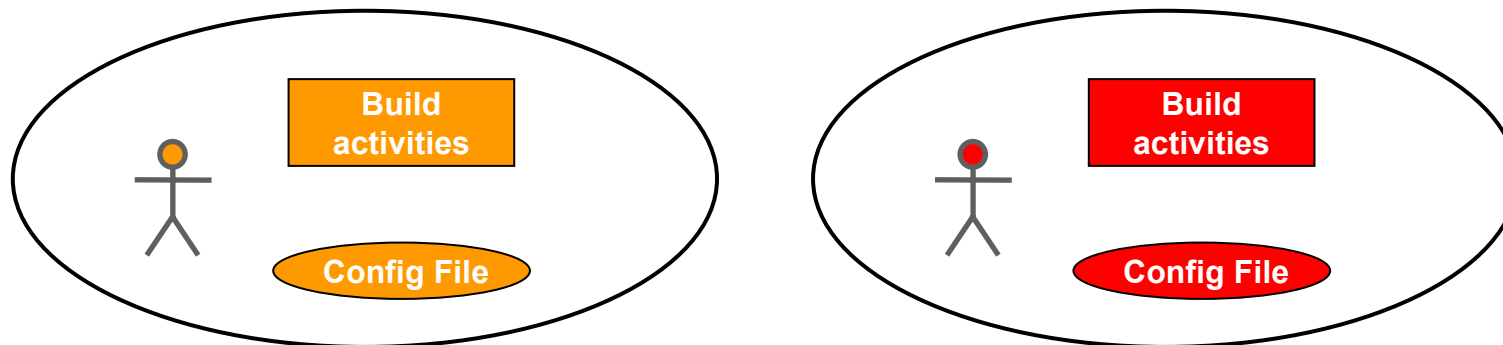
- A change to a *partition* schedule affects the entire *module* schedule!
- Hard to identify the overall schedule and schedule conflicts

Supplement 3 proposed schedule representation

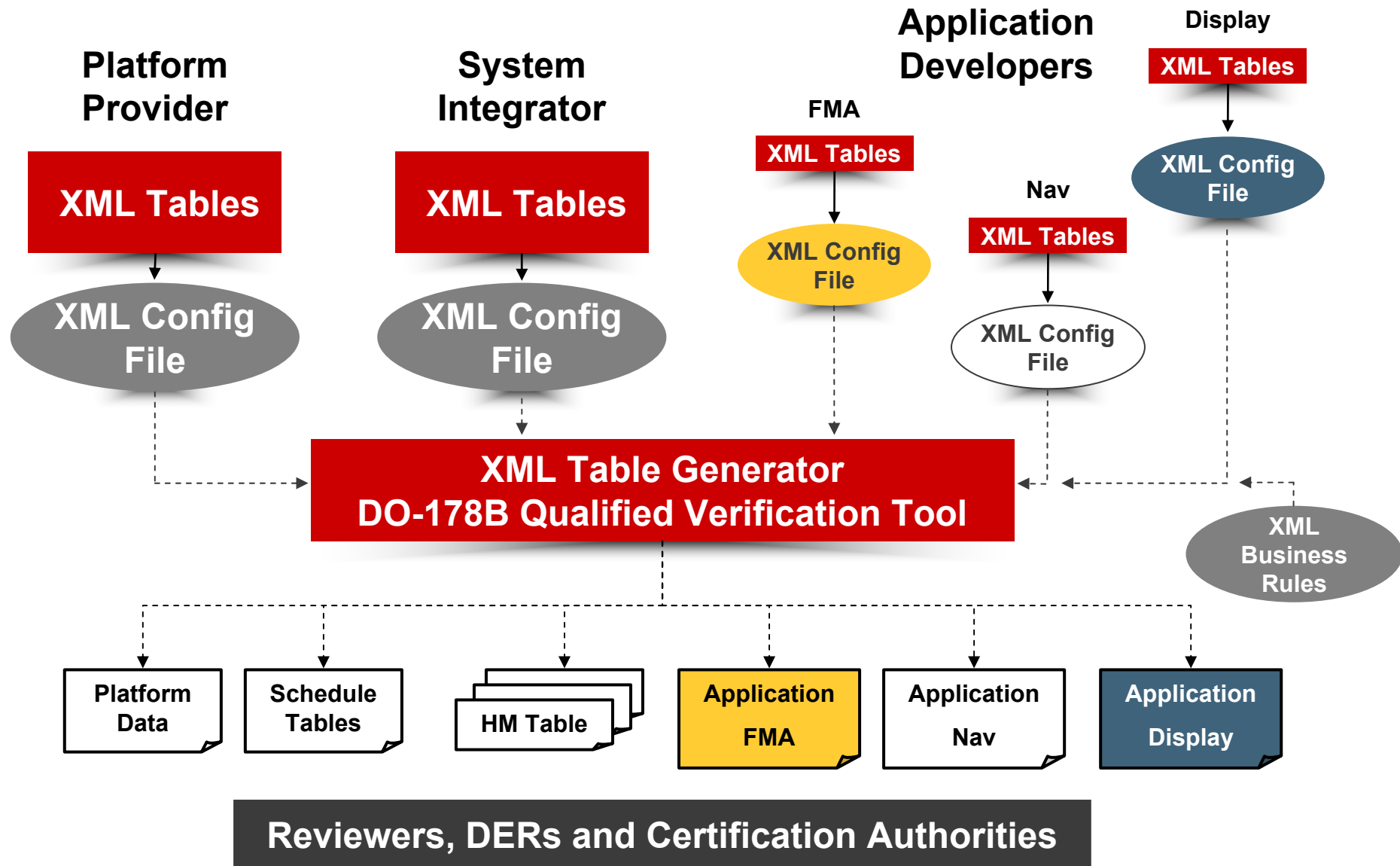


Applying the DO-297 stakeholder concept

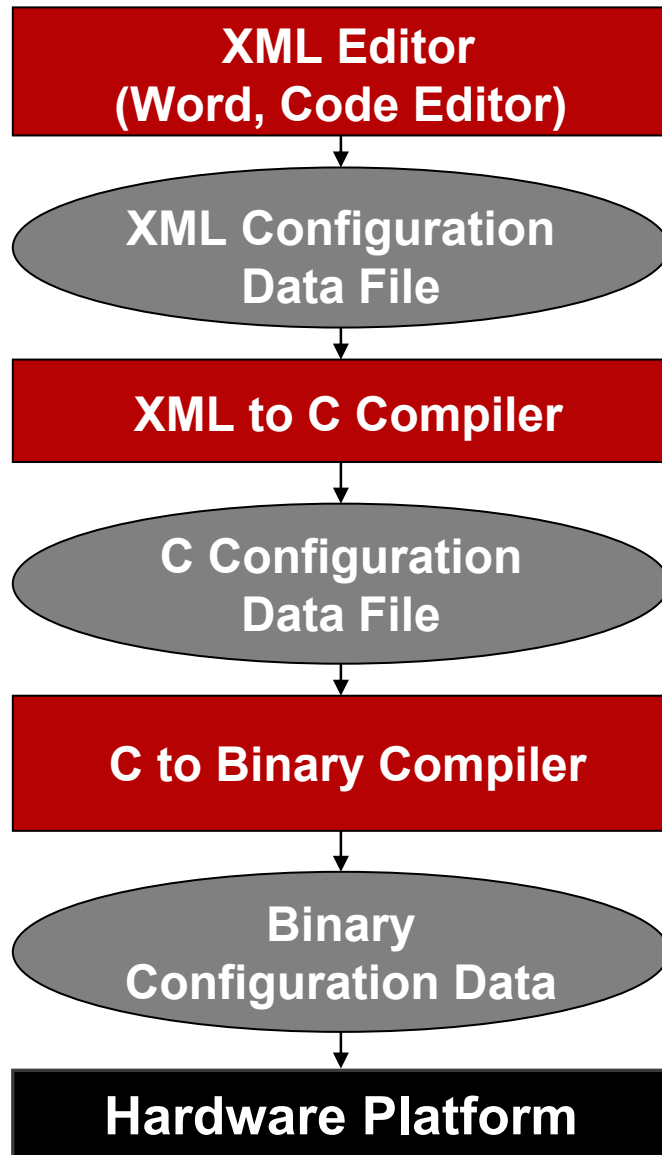
- **Separate** and **organize** configuration data and build activities per IMA roles:
 - **System Integrator** (SI) ,
 - **Platform Provider** (PP) and
 - **Application Developers** (AP)
- Each **role** has its **own** configuration data and set of activities
- Each activity is **independent** of every other



XML Table Generator for Review of Configuration Data for Credit



Typical ARINC 653 XML Compilation

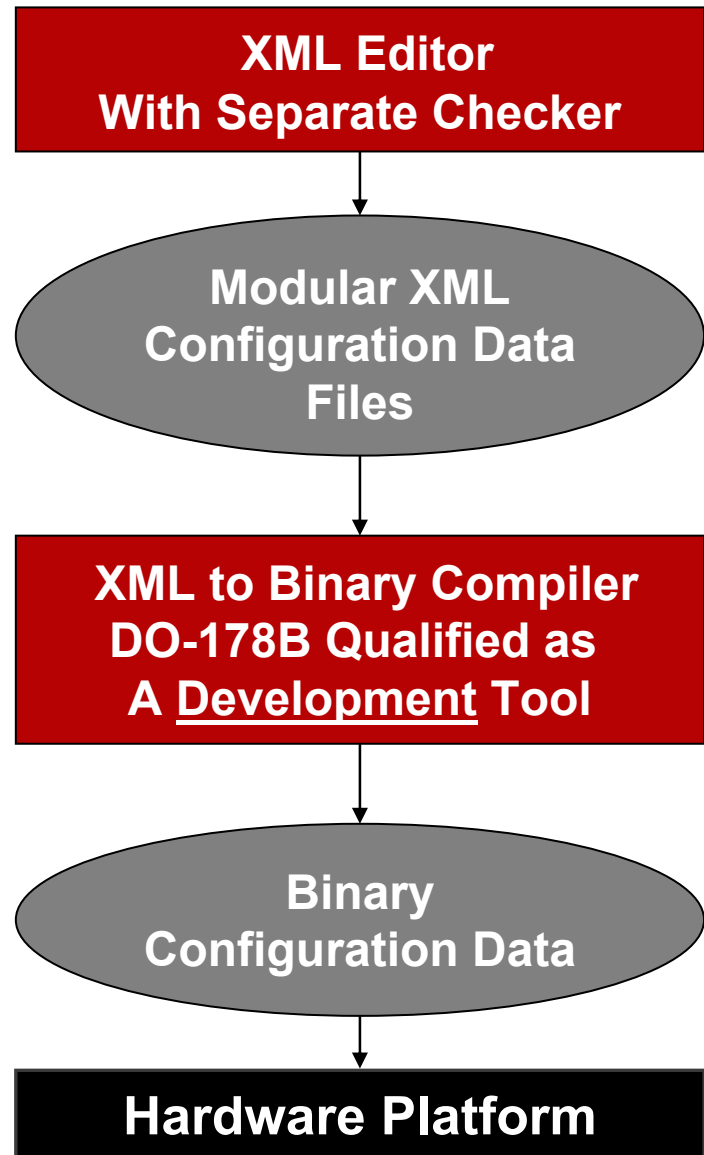


- Unconstrained XML Input
- The configuration files for a single platform can be large (50,000 lines of XML or more)
- Translation to intermediate language
- Very large C data file
- Translation to binaries
- Load binaries onto target

XML Data Testing

- **Every translation must be traced!**
 - Configuration requirements to XML configuration data
 - XML configuration data to C code
 - C code to binaries
- **All tools must be proven to be reliable and consistent**
- **The entire process must be proven as reliable and repeatable**
- **Tests must be written for every XML configuration**
 - How can one edit and test a large data file reliably?

VxWorks 653 XML compilation



- Constrained XML input, checked and verified
- Discrete XML configuration files for each application, supplier, and integrator per DO-297
- DO-178B tool qualification eliminates the need for testing output
- No intermediate language to trace or add errors

Wind River's XML configuration solution

A DO-178B Qualified Development Tool Suite using XML for Configuration of ARINC 653 Systems

- Updated XML schema with heritage in ARINC 653 Supplement 1
 - Improves Supplement 1 design, now proposed for ARINC 653 Supplement 3
- XML File Checker performs many consistency checks to verify consistency of configuration, qualified as a DO-178B verification tool
- XML Compiler qualified to DO-178B Level A under FAA 8110.49 Chapter 9 as a development tool
 - No further test of binary configuration data or qualification required
- XML Table Generator translates XML to human-readable tables organized by role, qualified as a DO-178B verification tool

Result: Build, debug, test, re-test, and certify each independent application independently, incrementally, and asynchronously

Benefits

- Clearly defines responsibility and ownership of configuration data
- Enables each configuration entity to be submitted independently
- Incremental changes can be introduced without impacting the entire program
- Preserves confidentiality between parties since configuration data sharing is not required (except with System Integrator)
- Establishes the notion of contracts between roles
- Minimizes “cost of change”
- Creates manageable configuration data set

Conclusion

- ARINC 653 Standard is being evolved and augmented as it is used on real projects such as the Boeing 787 Dreamliner
- IMA global best practices have emerged into new standards
 - *DO-297/ED-124 and ARINC 653 Supplement 3*
- IMA systems are *extremely* complex and must be carefully managed
- *Configuration* and *development* processes are *key factors* for successful certification
- Special *emphasis* should be put on both areas from the start of a program
- Both areas require careful *design*

Questions ?

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