Using AADL in Model Driven Development

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Contents

- Introduction
- Overview of AADL
- Usability assessment of AADL
- A general approach to improve usability of AADL using MDD
- Conclusion



Introduction

- Software-intensive embedded systems
- Verification of functional and non-functional properties
- Non-functional properties
 - timeliness
 - performance
 - safety
- Enable verification of properties
 - modeling language
 - Model Driven Development (MDD)



Introduction

- Modeling language
 - UML
 - SysML UML Profile
 - MARTE UML Profile
 - Architecture Description Language (ADL)
 - SAE AADL standard
- Model Driven Development
 - models as primary artifact
 - models with functional and non-functional properties



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- AADL provides **six dimensions** for specifying components
 - component analysis and design
 - analyze existing systems in terms of components
 - design new systems as black box components
 - two separate usages with specific modeling concepts
 - component categories
 - component type and implementation
 - component properties
 - component composition
 - component connection and binding



- AADL provides **six dimensions** for specifying components
 - component analysis and design
 - component categories
 - execution platform components
 - application software components
 - composite components
 - component type and implementation
 - component properties
 - component composition
 - component connection and binding



- AADL provides **six dimensions** for specifying components
 - component analysis and design
 - component categories
 - component type and implementation
 - component type describes interface
 - component implementation describes contents
 - component properties
 - component composition
 - component connection and binding



- AADL provides **six dimensions** for specifying components
 - component analysis and design
 - component categories
 - component type and implementation
 - component properties
 - specific information about modeling concepts
 - functional and non-functional properties
 - component composition
 - component connection and binding



- AADL provides **six dimensions** for specifying components
 - component analysis and design
 - component categories
 - component type and implementation
 - component properties
 - component composition
 - legality rules for component composition
 - specific to component category
 - specific to component type and implementation
 - component connection and binding



- AADL provides **six dimensions** for specifying components
 - component analysis and design
 - component categories
 - component type and implementation
 - component properties
 - component composition
 - component connection and binding
 - connections for communication of data and events
 - binding application software and execution platform components through properties



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• Navigation control example





- Issues in the usability of AADL as a modeling language
 - System versus software level
 - Complex component composition
 - Property ambiguity



- System versus software level
 - component-based and object-oriented paradigm share many properties
 - distinction between type and implementation of modeling concepts
 - components are at a higher level of abstraction than classes
 - components can be both hardware and software
 - gap between AADL modeling concepts and implementation concepts



- Complex component composition
 - legality rules specific to component category

Category	Туре	Implementation
device	Features • port • port group • subprogram • requires bus access Flow specifications: yes Properties: yes	Subcomponents: none Subprogram calls: no Connections: no Flows: yes Modes: yes Properties: yes

• component extension adds complexity to composition



- Property ambiguity
 - properties specific to component categories
 - no clearly defined relations between property sets and model analyses



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- AADL and runtime environment considered a platform
- Considerable amount of platform-specific (semantic) knowledge
- MDD approach to reduce requirement of this knowledge



- Models
 - AADL PIM
 - UML model of application
 - annotated with component category stereotypes
 - does not necessarily comply to AADL legality rules
 - AADL PSM
 - AADL Ecore model of application
 - components of specific category
 - does comply to AADL legality rules
 - AADL Analysis Model
 - AADL Ecore model of application
 - AADL PSM annotated with properties
 - properties have default value



- Steps
 - Obtaining an AADL PIM
 - Model transformations
 - Execute analyses in AADL runtime environment



- Obtaining an AADL PIM
 - design application from scratch, or
 - reverse engineer application and annotate with stereotypes





- Model transformations
 - Functional transformations
 - Encapsulate platform specific knowledge of SAE AADL legality rules
 - Transform UML to DSL
 - Transformation rules
 - Transform UML class with <<component category>> stereotype to component type of same category
 - Provide component implementation if applicable
 - Transform UML composition links between UML classes into subcomponents
 - Transform directed associations between UML classes into *in*, *out* or *in out* port features and provide connections
 - Transform dependency relations between UML classes into bus access features



• AADL PSM





- Model transformations
 - Non-functional transformations
 - Add set of properties allowing **analysis** of AADL PSM
 - Towards **exactly one** non-functional property of system
 - Platform specific knowledge concerning relation between AADL properties and analysis of AADL model built into non-functional transformations
 - Subsequent non-functional transformations possible on same model
 - Transformation rules
 - Add specific set of properties to each component category
 - Provide properties with default value
 - Example of schedulability analysis



• AADL Analysis Model

→ Bus Subcomponent Dev_Bus :		
→ ⇔ Bus Subcomponent Mem_Bus :		
Process Subcomponent P_Nav_Con :		
Device Subcomponent Engine_RPM_Controller :		
Device Subcomponent Aileron_Controller :		
Device Subcomponent Rudder_Controller :		
Device Subcomponent Elevator_Controller :		
Processor Type Proc		
😑 💠 Properties		
Property Association		
🕂 🔶 String Value		
😑 🔶 Processor Features		
\sum required Bus Access Dev_Bus :		
□-427 Thread Type T_AP_Compute		
🖃 🔶 Properties		
Property Association		
💠 String Value		
Property Association		
◆ 0		
Property Association		
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Conclusion

- Number of issues in usability of AADL
 - System versus software level
 - Complex component composition
 - Property ambiguity
- MDD process to ease these issues
 - Obtaining AADL PIM
 - AADL PIM
 - Functional transformations
 - AADL PSM
 - Non-functional transformations
 - AADL Analysis Model
 - Analysis tool



Conclusion

- Questions?
- Discussion