

Towards a traceability model in a MARTE-based methodology for real-time embedded systems

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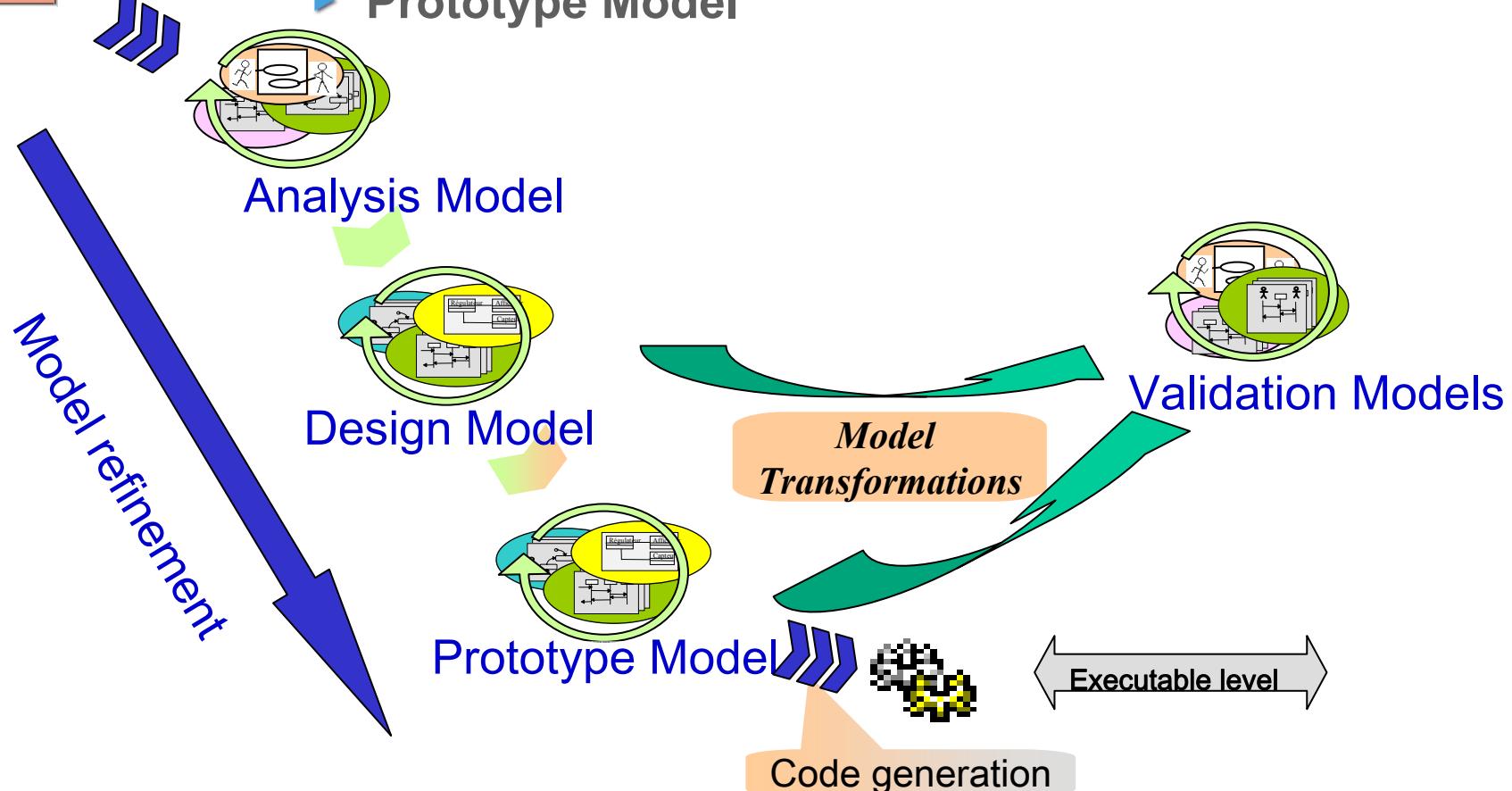
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Accord_{UML}: UML methodology for RT/ES

- From requirements to the solution
 - ▶ Analysis Model
 - ▶ Design Model
 - ▶ Prototype Model



- **Real-time specificities**
 - Appear earlier in the requirements
 - Have to be integrated in the models
 - Have to be validated and verified
- ✖ **Lacks in model-based approaches**
 - ✖ Several model transformations and high complexity for considering traceability of model elements & properties
 - ✖ Traceability for:
 - ✖ requirements,
 - ✖ model elements & properties,
 - ✖ transformation towards specific tools (for V&V for instance) or code & feedbacks
- ➲ **The purpose = an integrated approach for:**
 - Supporting requirements in the UML models
 - Supporting traceability during model transformation/refinement
 - Supporting V&V of model transformations

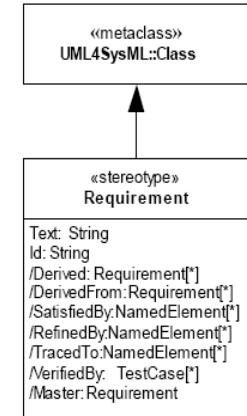
- **Introduction**
- **Traceability management in Accord|_{UML}**
- **Requirement definition and traceability**
- **Traceability in the models with MARTE**
- **Example**
- **Traceability in the models for verification support**
- **Methodological aspects**
- **Conclusion & perspectives**

- **From requirements to models**
 - ▶ A clear association between requirements and models
 - ▶ To guaranty the validation of the requirements
 - ▶ To help in the verification of the requirements
 - ▶ To help in certification processes
- **From Analysis/Design Models to Validation Models**
 - ▶ To clearly associate model elements in the different modeling steps
 - ▶ To help in model feedbacks when analyzing the V&V results
 - ▶ Integration in model transformation
- **From transformations to verification process**
 - ▶ Connexion to V&V techniques
 - ▶ Verification of the transformation [→ LeDang-Dubois-Gérard, iFM'09]



• SysML: a profile for requirement modeling

- ▶ requirements as first class concepts in UML
- ▶ Traceability concerns:
 - ▶ Requirements ↔ Requirements (e.g. **Derive**)
 - ▶ Requirements ↔ Model Elements (e.g. **Satisfy**, **Verify**)



→ Not suffisant for:

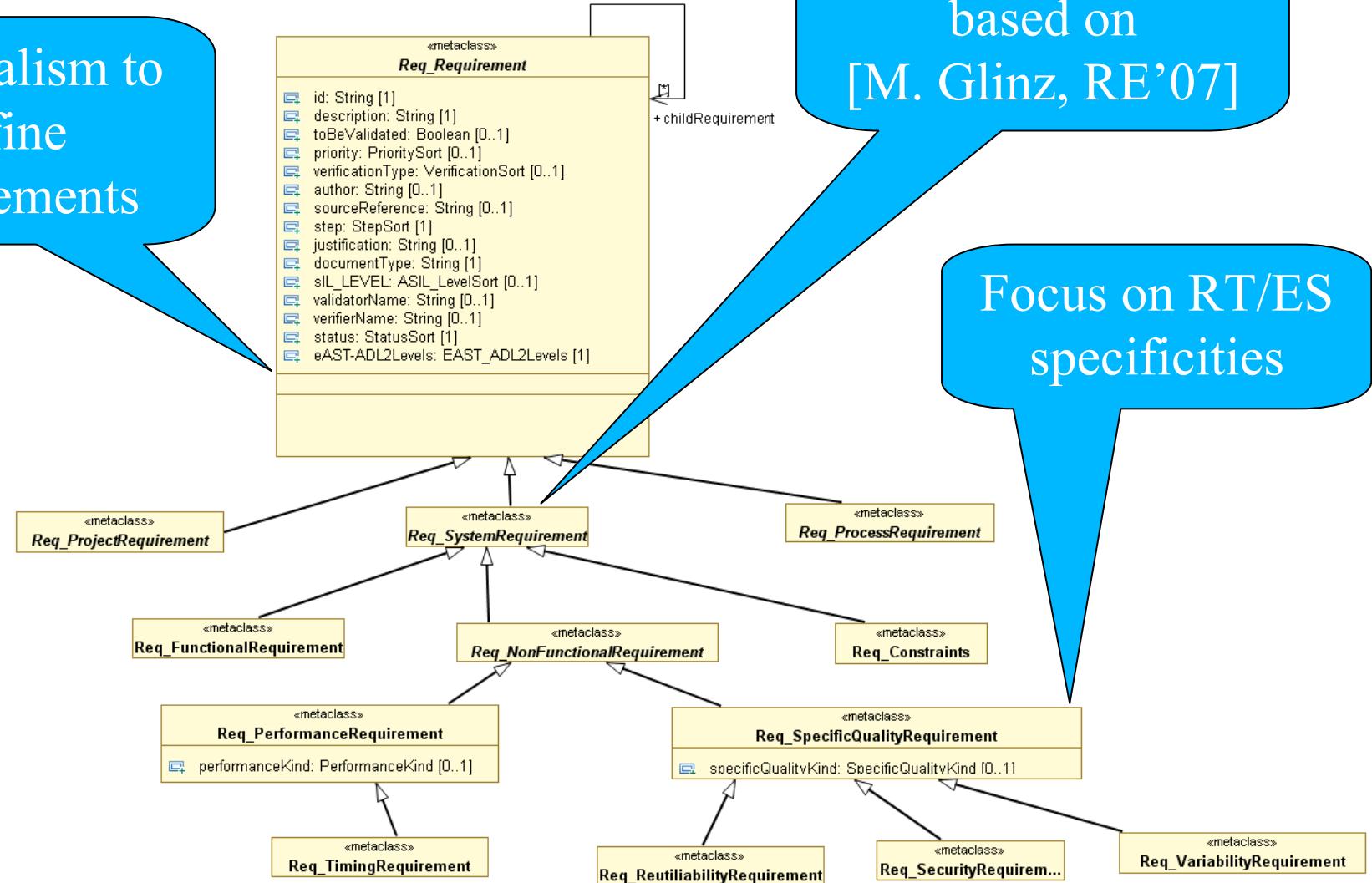
- Requirements traceability in an heterogeneous context (AUTOSAR, Simulink, etc...)
- Requirements validation & verification informations (specific tools, tests, etc...)
- Requirements management (precise identification, classification, reports, etc...)
- Requirement diversity (not only textual requirements)

- ⇒ We adapt this standard to our needs: a **Requirement meta-model**
 - ⇒ Consideration of heterogeneous formalisms (UML & others)
 - ⇒ Requirement definition
 - ⇒ Requirement traceability



A formalism to define requirements

Requirement Definition – II / IV

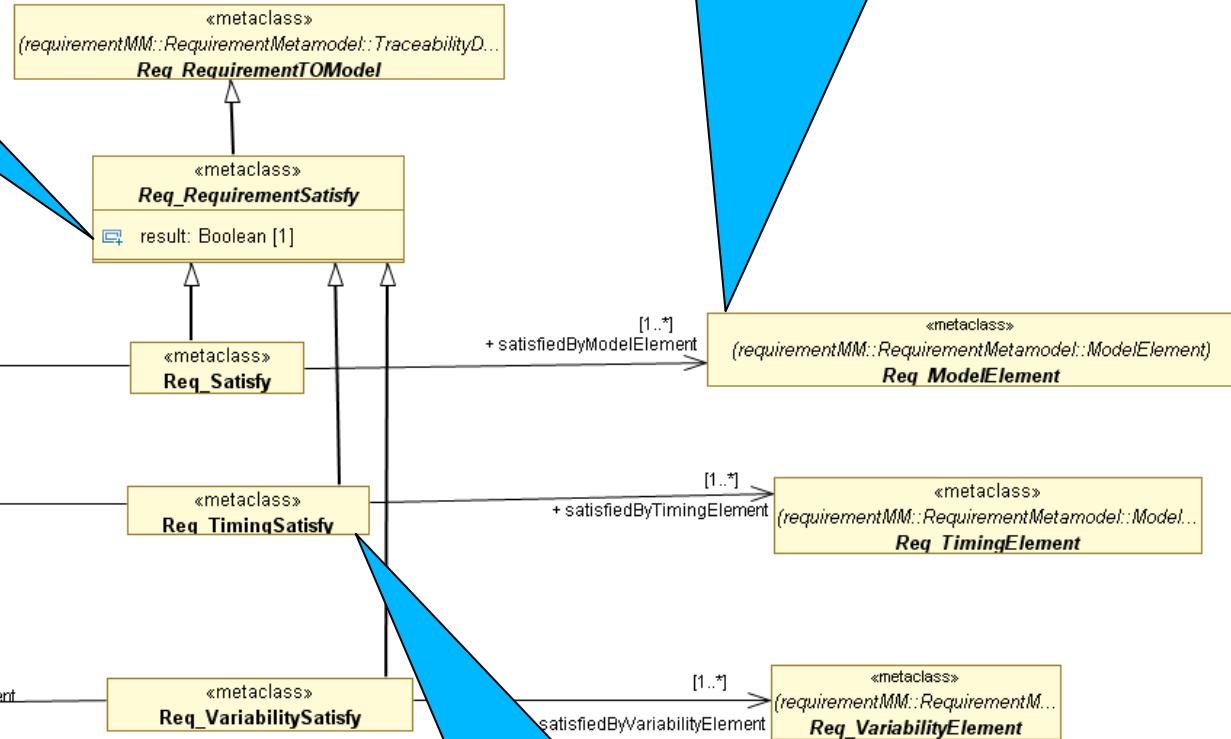
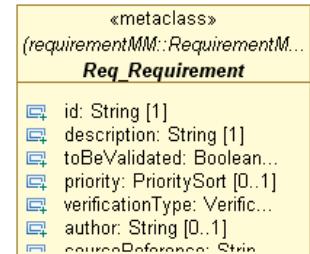


A classification based on
[M. Glinz, RE'07]

Focus on RT/ES specificities

Requirement Traceability – III / IV

Traceability
management:
satisfy

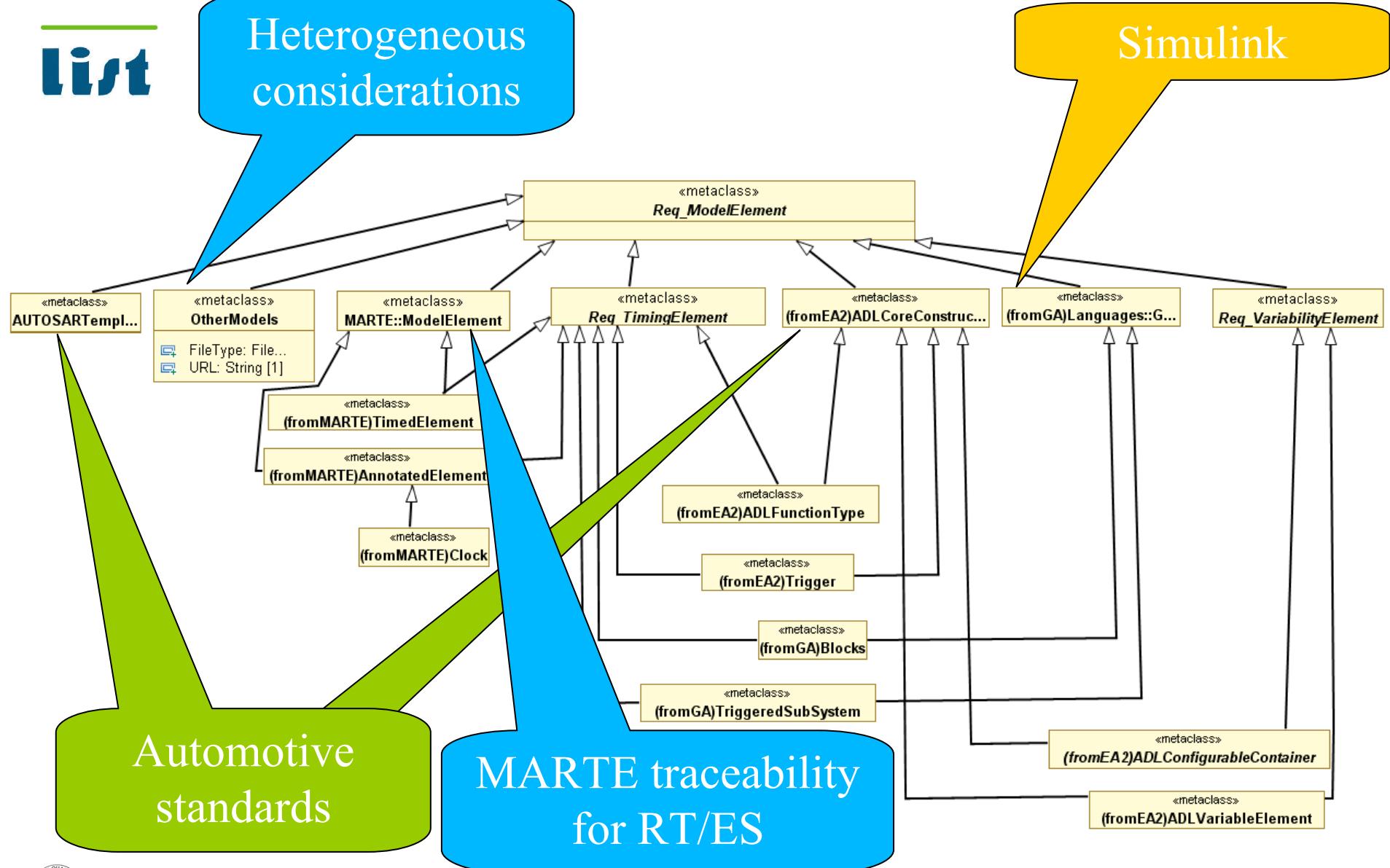


Association to different
model elements

Focus on RT/ES
specificities

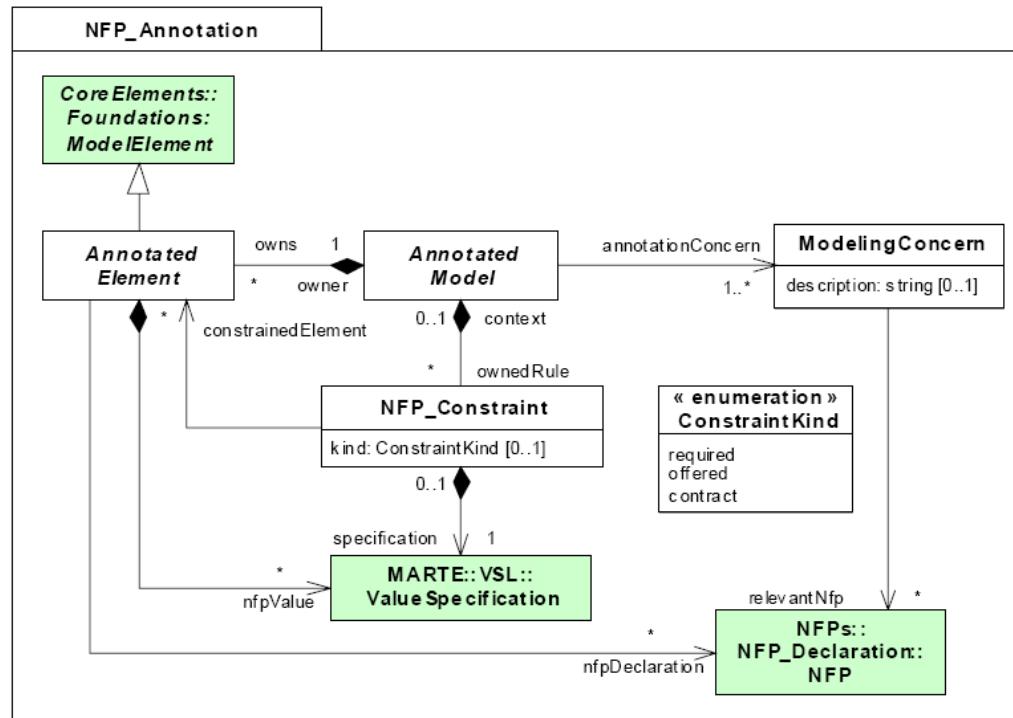


Requirement Traceability – IV / IV



Traceability in the models with MARTE

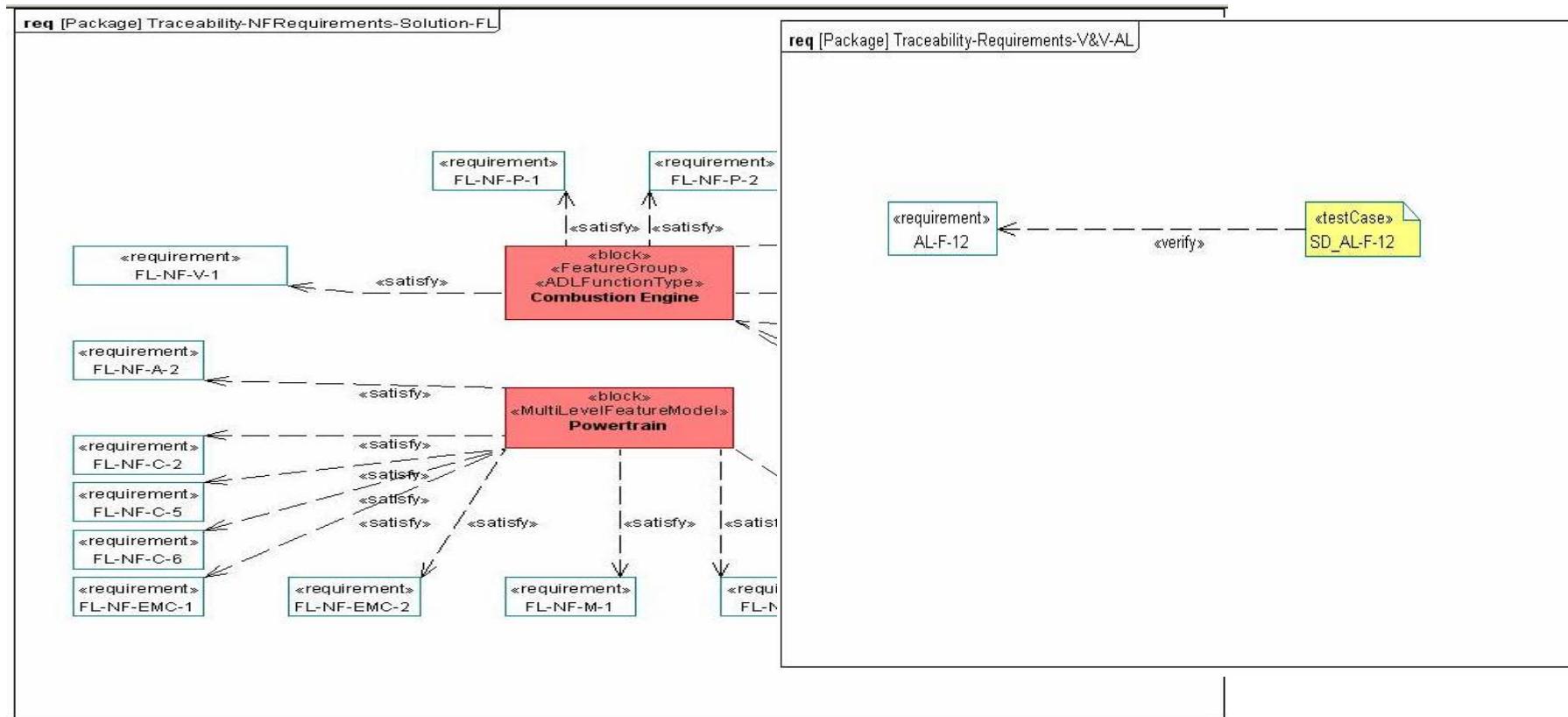
- A clear connexion between requirements and models
- A specific UML profile for embedded systems: MARTE
- For RT/ES specificities:
 - ▶ real-time requirements ↔ NFP
 - ▶ « Satisfy » relationship usage



Requirement traceability – Example I / II

✓ Requirements ↔ Solutions

✓ Requirements ↔ V&V

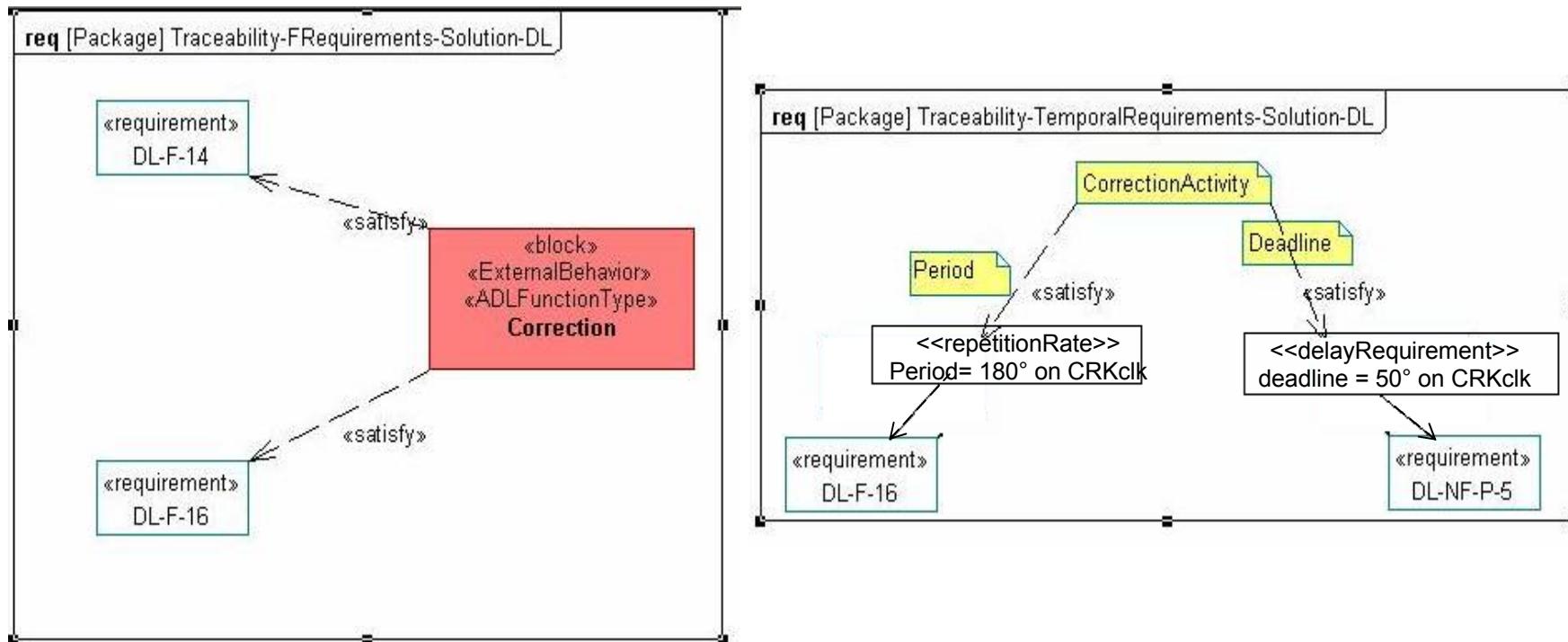


Non-functional requirement consideration

- II / II

Link between requirements structure and behavioral “timed” models:

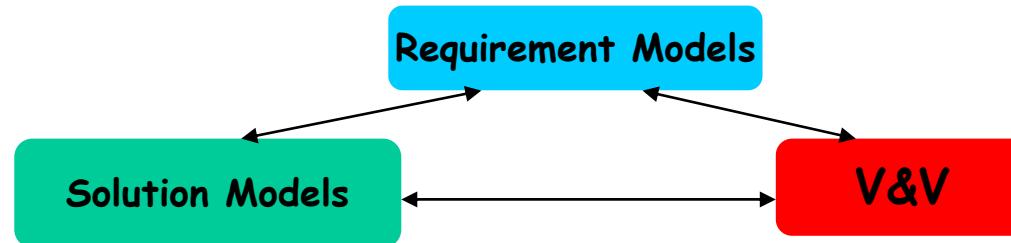
- ✓ Functional and delay requirements linked to structure (ADLFunctionType)
- ✓ Temporal requirements satisfy “timed behaviors” of ADLFunctionType



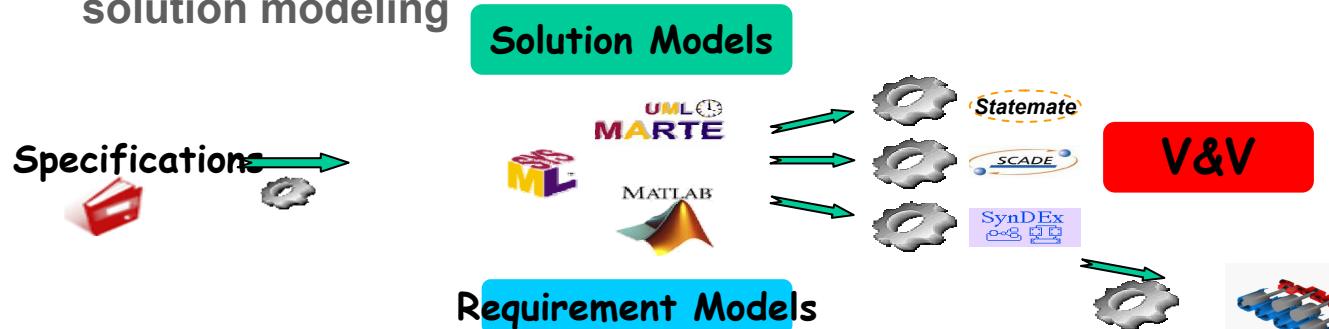
- **Verification of the models properties:**
 - ▶ Based on MARTE profile for RT specificities
 - ▶ For instance: schedulability analysis with SymTA/S tool
 - ▶ We start from a SAM model (*Schedulability Analysis Model* of MARTE).
 - ▶ An automatic transformation to derive scenario-based behavior models and annotations.
 - ▶ Addressed by SymTA/S to check the correct construction of the input model.
 - ▶ traceability information is essential to facilitate the treatment of the verification result:
 - ▶ A feedback to the SAM that follows what is correctly or incorrectly checked.
 - ▶ Association to the initial requirement with respect to the requirement traceability in the models

Methodological aspects

- Application in different application domains: automotive, transport.
- Usage in the MeMVaTEx project: automotive context
 - ▶ See <http://www.memvatex.org>
 - ▶ Requirement management
 - ▷ Requirement expression
 - ▷ & Requirement traceability
 - ▷ Usage of a specific profile obtained from the Requirement meta-model
 - ▶ Our solution: a triptych vision towards a separation of concerns but in the UML-based formalism



- ▶ A process that can be connected to heterogeneous formalisms for solution modeling



Conclusion & perspectives

- Definition of a meta-model to deal with requirements and their traceability in an heterogeneous context
- A modeling process connected to a requirement definition process to help in solution modeling with respect to initial requirements
- A traceability support into the models
- A methodological approach for RT/ES systems (automotive for instance)
- A tooled methodology: the Papyrus Eclipse environnement
 - ▶ See Papyrus tool: <http://www.papyrusuml.org>
- Perspectives:
 - ▶ Better consideration of safety & security concerns
 - ▶ A connexion to different analysis tools for MARTE usage and traceability
 - ▶ Traceability concerns during model transformations
 - ▶ Connexion to requirement tools with respect to RIF format
 - ▶ MDE methodology versus verification process
 - ▶ Tool & method improvements to avoid usage complexity

