

Why did I give up doing UML+Z (lessons learned)?

J.-M. Bruel

Université de Toulouse

CNRS/IRIT

`bruel@irit.fr`



Background

- From Z to Graphical notation (1994)

 - Object-Z

 - UML appeared in 1995

- From UML to Z (1996)

 - Static model (Class diagrams)

Good things with this

- Precise UML semantics
 - Z definitions for Class Diagrams artifacts
 - Type checkers
- pUML group

Bad things with this

- Nobody want to see formal notation

 - This is OK: we intended to hide Z

- Problem of hiding Z

 - Tracing back from type checkers to UML

 - Poor traceability feature

Why giving up?

- Appart from other focussings (components)
- OCL instead of Z
- Ability to express constraints at meta-model level
- Move towards a « profil-oriented » work (e.g., Whole-Part Relationship Profile [Belloir, 2004])

Lessons learned

- Formality is necessary
 - But formality has to be **hidden**

- Because it allows analysis
 - **Backtracking** from V&V tools is crucial
 - MDE / Transformation-based approaches can help for consistency checking

- Families of UML&FM
 - F->NF is easy (may be not F->UML)
 - NF->F start to be easy (thanks to transformations)
 - **F+NF** is the trick

Efforts and directions

- What ever level of formality you'll reach, you'll have to trace back to **requirements** (informal by essence)
- What need to be formalised is not that much the artifacts / model elements but the **links** between those artefacts
 - E.g., links between roles, viewpoints, etc.